# A LONGITUDINAL ANALYSIS OF BLOATED JAVA DEPENDENCIES



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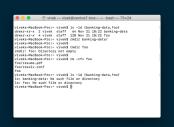




### SOFTWARE BLOAT



Code that is packaged in an application but that is <u>not necessary</u> for building and running the application.















Will this piece of bloated code be needed in the future?

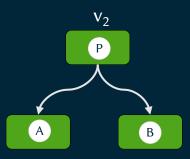


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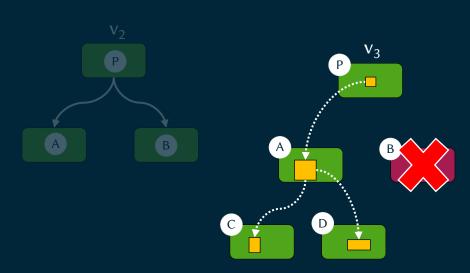




#### pom.xml

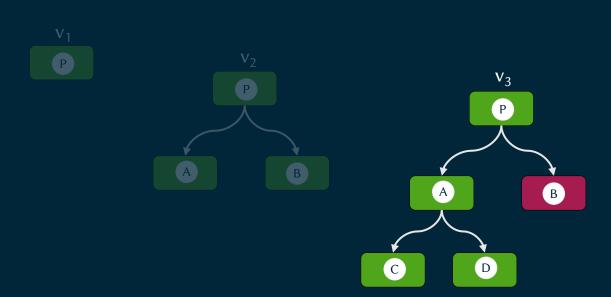








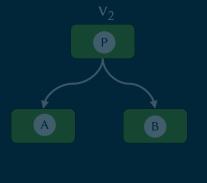


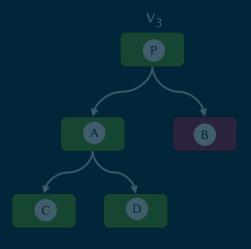


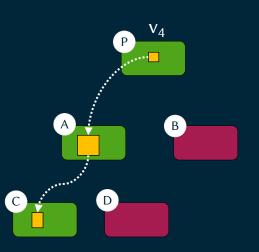






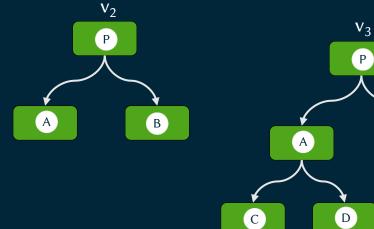


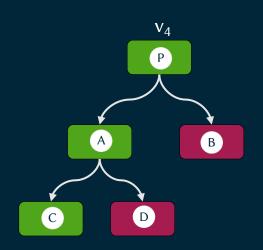












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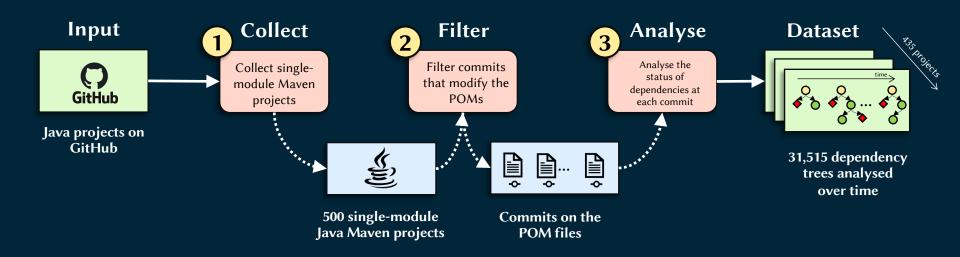
- **RQ1**: How does the amount of bloated dependencies evolve across releases?
- **RQ2**: Do bloated dependencies stay bloated across time?
- **RQ3**: Do developers maintain dependencies that are bloated?
- **RQ4:** What development practices change the usage status of dependencies?



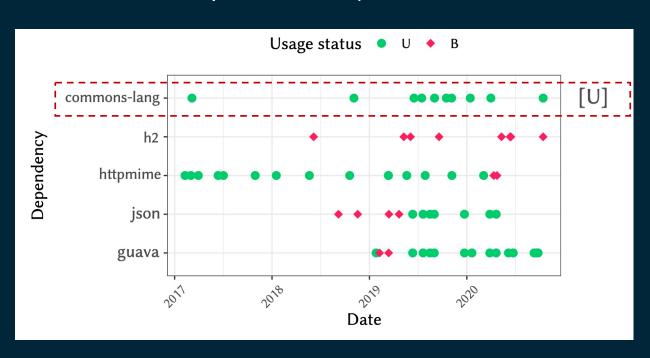
- **RQ2**: Do bloated dependencies stay bloated across time?
- **RQ3**: Do developers maintain dependencies that are bloated?

## DATA COLLECTION PIPELINE

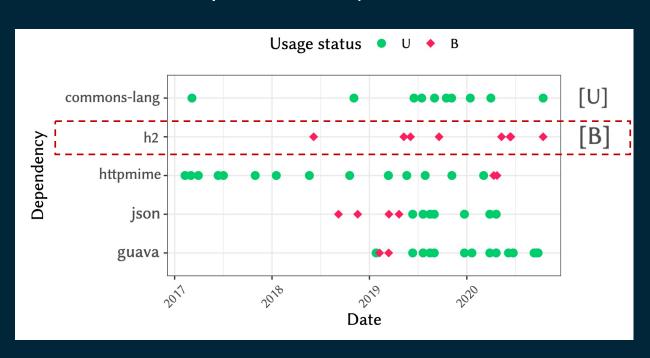




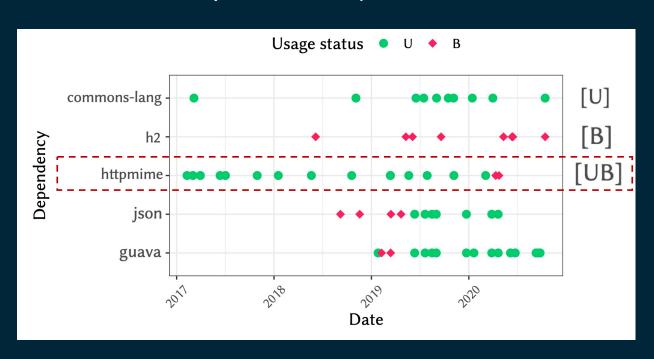




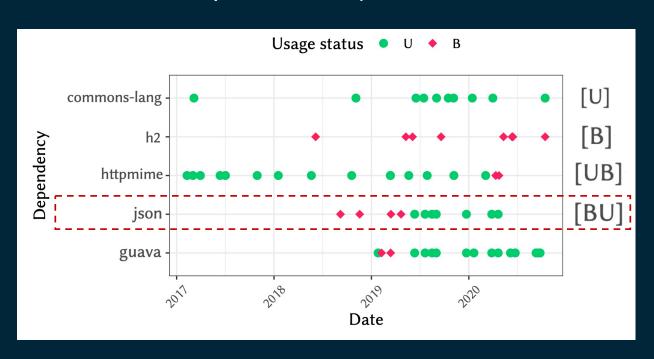




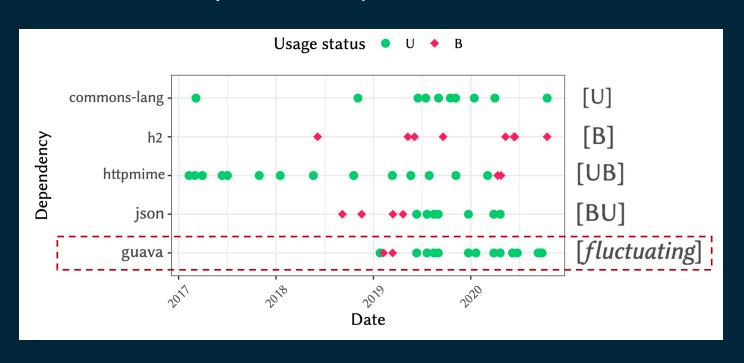




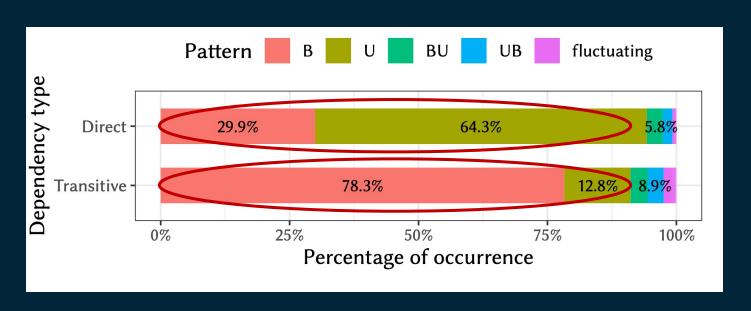












## Research Question #2



89.2% of bloated direct, and 93.3% of the transitive bloated dependencies remain bloated in all subsequent versions of the studied projects.



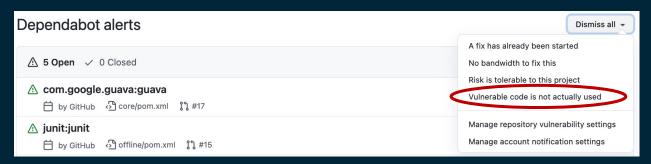
118	118		<dependency></dependency>	
119	119		<pre><groupid>commons-io</groupid></pre>	
120	120		<artifactid>commons-io</artifactid>	
121		-	<pre><version>2.6</version></pre>	
	121	+	<pre><version>2.7</version></pre>	
122	122			





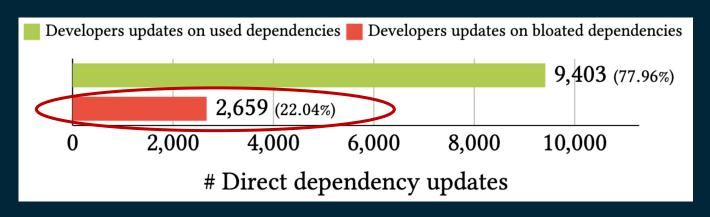






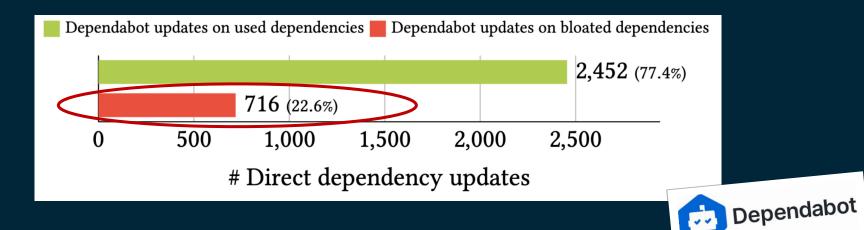
## Research Question #3







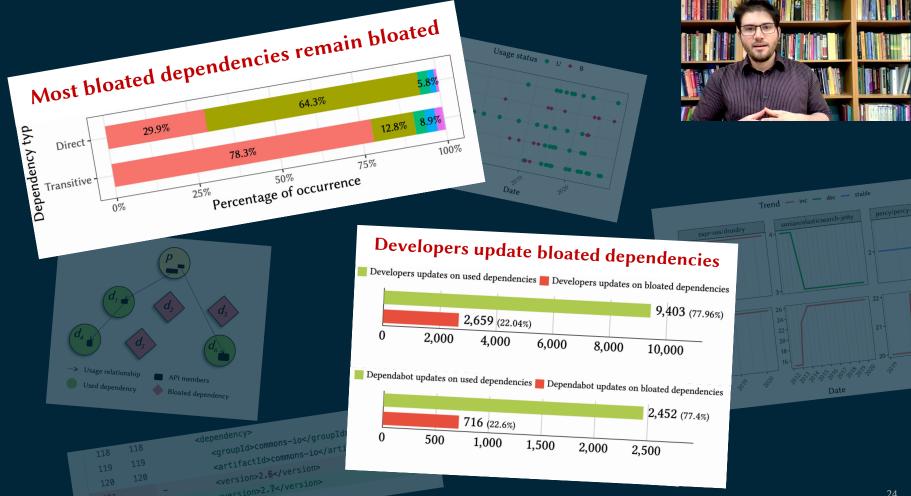




## Research Question #3



22% of dependency updates performed by developers and bots are made on bloated dependencies.



</dependency>